

## **RibLoc® U Plus Chest Wall Plating System** INCLUDING RibLoc<sup>®</sup> U Plus 90 INSTRUMENTATION FOR THE PERSONAL ATTENTION OF THE OPERATING SURGEON AND HEALTHCARE FACILITY

### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE (IFU)**

| DESCRIPTION         | The RibLoc® U Plus Chest Wall Plating System of bone plates, screws and accessories are designed to provide fixation for fractures, fusions, and osteotomies of the ribs, and reconstructions of the cheat wall.  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| INFORMATION FOR USE | Anatomical dimensions determine the size and shape of implant used. The surgeon must select t<br>appropriate size, and contour the plate if necessary, to match the patient's anatomy for close adaptation<br>and firm seating with adequate support.   |  |  |  |  |
| INDICATIONS         | The RibLoc® U Plus Chest Wall Plating System is intended to stabilize and provide fixation for fractius fusions, and osteotomies of the ribs, and for reconstructions of the chest wall, and sternum.   |  |  |  |  |
| CONTRAINDICATIONS   | <ul> <li>Contraindications for this system are active or latent infection, sepsis, insufficient quantity or quality of bone/soft tissue, and material sensitivity. If metal sensitivity is suspected, tests should be performed prior to implantation.</li> <li>Patients who are unwilling or incapable of following postoperative care instructions are contraindicated</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |  |
|                     | <ul> <li>for this device.</li> <li>This device is not intended for screw attachment or fixation to the posterior elements (pedicles) of the cervical or lumbar spine.</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |  |
| WARNINGS            | • For safe and effective use of this implant, the surgeon must be thoroughly familiar with the implant, the methods of application, the instruments, and the recommended surgical technique for this device.  |  |  |  |  |
|                     | • For safe and effective use of this implant, the surgeon must be thoroughly familiar with the W&H<br>Implantmed or Amadeo units and the Surgical Contra-handpiece IFUs. IFUs available at<br>http://www.wh.com and https://med.wh.com.   |  |  |  |  |
|                     | • Surgeons must carefully consider the likelihood of healing being achieved when plating fractures, osteotomies, or reconstructions of the chest wall. The implant is only designed to with stand loading during a reasonable healing time period and is not intended to be a permanent prosthesis.   |  |  |  |  |
|                     | <ul> <li>Surgeons must consider a possible need for emergent reentry, such as sternotomy, before plating the<br/>sternum.</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |  |
|                     | <ul> <li>Improper insertion of the device during implantation can increase the possibility of loosening or<br/>migration.</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |  |
|                     | <ul> <li>Hand tightening of the low-profile guide (RBL2320) may result in instrument breakage.</li> <li>A poorly contoured plate may result in an abnormal load on bones or may result in patient discomfort</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |  |
|                     | • Device damage or breakage can occur when the implant is subjected to increased loading associated with trauma, delayed union, nonunion or incomplete healing. Device breakage could lead to additional surgery and device removal.  |  |  |  |  |
|                     | <ul> <li>The patient must be cautioned, preferably in writing, about the use, limitations, and possible adverse effects of this implant. These cautions include the possibility of the device or treatment failing as a result of loose fixation and/or loosening, stress, excessive activity, or continuous load bearing past the average healing time (6-8 weeks), particularly if the implant experiences increased loads due to delayed union, nonunion, or incomplete bone healing.</li> </ul> |  |  |  |  |
|                     | <ul> <li>The patient must be warned that failure to follow postoperative care instructions can cause the implant and/<br/>or treatment to fail.</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |  |
|                     | <ul> <li>As with any surgical implantation there is a possibility of nerve, bone or soft tissue damage related to either<br/>surgical trauma or the presence of the implant.</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |  |
|                     | • The implant system has not been evaluated for use in pectus deformity repair, or costochondral junction fracture.   |  |  |  |  |

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| MRI Safety Information | Non-clinical testing and MRI simulations were performed to evaluate the RibLoc® Plating System.<br>Non-clinical testing demonstrated that the entire family of this product is MR Conditional. A patient<br>with an implant from this product family can be scanned safely in an MR system under the following<br>conditions:             |  |  |  |
|------------------------|---|--|--|--|
|                        | Static magnetic field of 1.5-Tesla or 3-Tesla, only   |  |  |  |
|                        | Maximum spatial gradient magnetic field of 4,000-gauss/cm (40-T/m)  |  |  |  |
| / MR \                 |   |  |  |  |
| MR Conditional         | <ul> <li>Maximum MR system reported, whole body averaged specific absorption rate (SAR) of 2-W/kg for<br/>15 minutes of scanning (i.e., per pulse sequence) in the Normal Operating Mode</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |
|                        | Under the scan conditions defined, an implant from RibLoc® Plating System is expected to produce a maximum temperature rise of 8.1°C after 15-minutes of continuous scanning (i.e., per pulse sequence).  |  |  |  |
|                        | In non-clinical testing, the image artifact caused by and implant from RibLoc® Plating System extends approximately 10-mm from this device when imaged with a gradient echopulse sequence and a 3-Tesla MR system.  |  |  |  |
| PRECAUTIONS            | • An implant shall never be reused. Previous stresses may have created imperfections which can lead to a device failure.  |  |  |  |
|                        | • Extreme or repeated bending of the implants can cause stresses that may lead to premature device failure.   |  |  |  |
|                        | • Ensure that RibLoc® plates and U-clips are not damaged prior to installation and use care when handling to prevent U-clip deformation.  |  |  |  |
|                        | Over-compression of the U-Clip during implant installation can damage the bone.   |  |  |  |
|                        | • Use of W&H instrument with in appropriate settings could damage the device or harm the patient.   |  |  |  |
|                        | <ul> <li>Instruments should be inspected for wear or damage prior to usage.</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |
|                        | • The drill bit shall be discarded after each surgery since after normal use the drill bit can become too dull to perform as intended.  |  |  |  |
|                        | • If a plate cutter is used on the implant take necessary precautions, a sharp edge may have been created.  |  |  |  |
|                        | • During use of a drill, cutting or installing plates and inserting screws, take necessary precautions when in close proximity to sharp edges and points, and be aware that metal debris/fragments can be generated. Remove any observed debris/fragments from the surgical field with suction or manually, and dispose of appropriately. |  |  |  |
|                        | <ul> <li>Protect implants against scratching and nicking prior to and during use. Prevent hexalobe drivers,<br/>drill bits and instruments to come into inadvertent contact with plates as such stress concentrations<br/>can lead to device failure.</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |
|                        | • The benefits from implant surgery may not meet the patient's expectations or may deteriorate with time necessitating revision surgery to replace the implant or to carry out alternative procedures. Revision surgeries with implants are not uncommon.   |  |  |  |
| ADVERSE EFFECTS        | • Possible adverse effects include pain, discomfort, or abnormal sensations due to the presence of an implant.  |  |  |  |
|                        | <ul> <li>Implant fracture, migration and/or loosening may occur due to excessive activity, prolonged loading upon the device, incomplete healing, or excessive force exerted on the implant during insertion. These types of adverse effects could lead to additional surgery and device removal.</li> </ul>                              |  |  |  |
|                        | • Nerve or soft tissue damage, necrosis of bone or bone resorption, necrosis of the tissue or inadequate healing may result from the presence of an implant or due to surgical trauma.  |  |  |  |
|                        | • A histological or allergic reaction resulting from the implantation of a foreign material in the body may occur.  |  |  |  |
|                        | • The implant contains metal that may induce an allergic reaction in patients with an allergy or sensitivity to metallic components.  |  |  |  |

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#### **CLEANING AND STERILIZATION INSTRUCTIONS**

| Refer to the W&H IFU                | Is for reprocessing instructions of the Contra-angle handpiece, Implantmed controller, foot pedal, and motor with cable.   |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Р                                   | lease pay attention to the W&H specific instructions on page 6 of this IFU.  |  |  |  |  |
| PRECAUTIONS                         | • The RibLoc® U Plus Chest Wall Plating System products are provided non-sterile and require cleaning and sterilization prior to use.  |  |  |  |  |
|                                     | <ul> <li>Any device contaminated with blood, tissue or other bodily fluids should be handled according to<br/>hospital protocol. Personal protective equipment should be utilized when working with contaminated<br/>or potentially contaminated devices.</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |  |
|                                     | <ul> <li>In accordance with AORN and AAMI guidelines, immediate use steam sterilization (also known as<br/>flash sterilization) of implants is not recommended.</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |  |
|                                     | <ul> <li>Lumens, channels, crevices, joints, mating surfaces and threads require particular attention during cleaning. Flood with copious amounts of cleaning solutions using a syringe to flush out soil.</li> <li>Caution should be exercised when handling instruments with sharp points or cutting edges.</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |  |
|                                     | <ul> <li>Do not use metal brushes or scouring pads during manual cleaning process.</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |  |
|                                     | • The use of neutral pH enzymatic and cleaning agents is recommended. If alkaline cleaning agents are used, neutralize and thoroughly rinse from device.   |  |  |  |  |
| LIMITATIONS ON<br>REPROCESSING      | <ul> <li>Instruments are designed to withstand typical cleaning and steam sterilization cycles.</li> <li>Instrument end of life is normally determined by damage and wear due to use. Instruments and implants should be inspected after cleaning for damage such as corrosion, scratches and wear.</li> <li>Damaged instruments should be returned to Acumed for replacement.</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |  |
| POINT OF USE:                       | <ul> <li>Remove biological material from the instruments with a lint-free disposable wipe.</li> <li>Do not allow contamination to dry on the device prior to cleaning/reprocessing.</li> <li>It is recommended that instruments are decontaminated as soon as possible following use.</li> <li>Transport devices (instruments and implants) in the tray provided.</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |  |
| PREPARATION FOR<br>DECONTAMINATION: | <ul> <li>Disassembly of devices is not required.</li> <li>Rinse instruments in warm (not hot) running water to remove blood, body fluids and remaining tissue.</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |  |
| CLEANING: MANUAL                    | <ul> <li>Equipment: Nylon soft bristle scrub brush (M16), pipe cleaner (2.7mm), lint-free cloth, irrigation syring warm running tap water and reverse osmosis or deionized (RO/DI) water, bath ultrasonic cleaner.</li> <li>Solutions: Neutral pH (&lt;8.5) low foaming enzymatic detergent solution (e.g., Enzol®).</li> <li>1. Rinse soil from devices with warm running tap water.</li> <li>2. Prepare enzymatic detergents solution at the dilution recommended by the manufacturer in war tap water. Fresh solutions should be prepared when existing solutions become contaminated.</li> <li>3. Submerge the devices in enzymatic solution and soak for a minimum of 3 minutes but no mo than 5 minutes.</li> <li>4. Scrub with a soft bristle brush to remove all visible soil from the surfaces, crevices and channer Rotate the devices while scrubbing paying particular attention to lumens, crevices, channels are hard to reach areas. Ensure that hinged, articulating and threaded instruments are cleaned both open and closed positions.</li> <li>5. Remove the devices from the enzymatic solution and place in RO/DI water in an ultrasonic u and sonicate for five (5) minutes.</li> <li>6. Rinse each device with ambient tap water and holding devices under water for 30 seconds ensure lumens, crevices and channels are flushed with water. Use an irrigation syringe to flux water into lumens, crevices and mating surfaces.</li> </ul> |  |  |  |  |
| DRYING                              | <ul> <li>Remove devices from water and wipe dry with a clean, lint-free cloth then allow to air dry.<br/>Load devices into the provided tray according to the diagram on the tray bottom. For automated processing, transfer the trays to the washer/disinfector.</li> <li>NOTE: Surgical instruments made from stainless steel can corrode and must be dried to prevent corrosion.</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |  |

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#### **CLEANING: AUTOMATED** Equipment: An automated washer-disinfector that has been installed and gualified to ISO 15883-1 and ISO 15883-2. Solutions: Prepare solutions per manufacturer's instructions. Use Neutral pH (<8.5) low foaming, enzymatic wash solution (e.g., Enzol®), neutral pH, low foaming wash solution (e.g., Prolystica Neutral 2x), instrument lubricant (e.g., Ultra Clean Surgical Milk) if capable. NOTE: Explicitly follow washer/disinfector manufacturer's instructions for loading. Motor Speed: High Detergent Type and Phase **Recirculation Time** Temperature Concentration \*or equivalent 2:00 minutes Cold tap water N/A Pre-wash \*Enzol® 1 oz/gal Enzyme Wash 4:00 minutes Hot tap water \*Prolystica 2x Neutral Wash 2:00 minutes 65.5°C (150°F) 1/8 oz/gal Rinse 15 seconds Hot tap water N/A N/A 6:00 minutes 98.8°C (210°F) Drying Inspect device under normal lighting to ensure soil has been removed. If any visible soil is seen, MAINTENANCE, **INSPECTION, AND** repeat cleaning process. Some automated washer/disinfectors have a cycle that includes a lubricant. If a washer/disinfector **TESTING:** includes a lubricant, manual application of a lubricant is not necessary. Inspect the clean and dried devices for wear or damage prior to sterilization. If any damage or corrosion is observed, contact Acumed for a replacement.

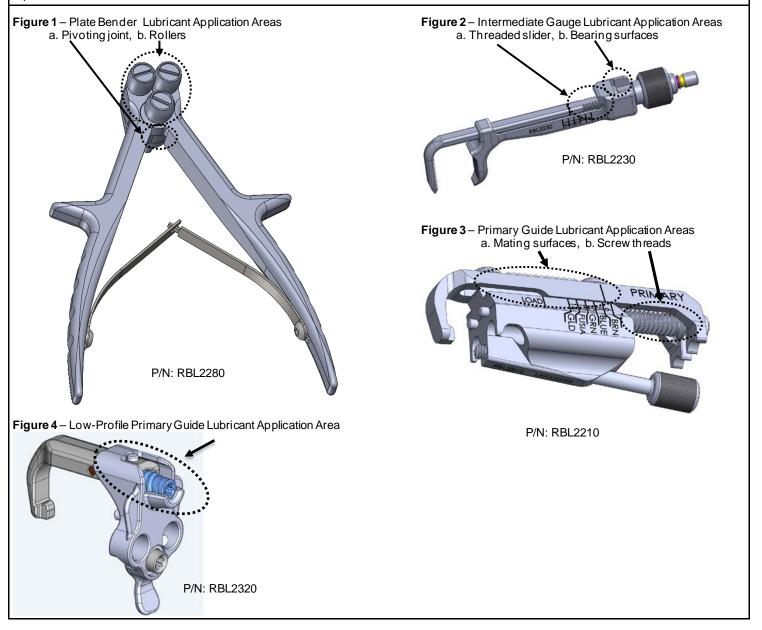
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Three instruments in the RibLoc® U Plus System (Figures 1, 2 and 3) and one instrument in the RibLoc® U Plus 90 System (Figure 4) have articulating parts that require lubrication after every cleaning, and <u>prior to autoclaving</u>. Only water soluble, non-silicone, steam permeable lubricants intended for surgical instruments (e.g., Ultra Clean Spray Lube or Surgical Milk) should be used. When applicable, consult your sterilization equipment manufacturer's written instructions regarding instrument lubrication for the specific sterilizer used. Fully submerging the instruments in lubricant is never advised.

Manually spray a small amount of lubricant onto the instruments at articulation areas, where mated surfaces make contact, on exposed screw threads and at hinges (see Figures 1-3). Actuate devices to ensure lubricant is distributed over the surfaces. Allow lubricated instruments to air dry prior to sterilization.

If the instruments are difficult to actuate, threads bind or components do not move smoothly over mating surfaces, contact Acumed for a replacement.



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| W&H REPROCESSING<br>INSTRUCTIONS: | <ul> <li>Follow below precautions and refer to the W&amp;H IFUs for reprocessing instructions of W&amp;H instruments.</li> <li>Use only disinfectants that <u>do not</u> contain chlorine and that <u>have no</u> protein-fixing effects.</li> <li>Do not immerse instruments in water or disinfectant.</li> <li>Do not sonicate.</li> <li>W&amp;H handpieces must be disassembled prior to cleaning.</li> <li>W&amp;H handpieces require lubrication after every cleaning, and prior to autoclaving.</li> <li>Transport instruments (handpieces and motor with cable) in the tray provided</li> <li>W&amp;H IFUs available at </li></ul> |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|

| PACKAGING:       |                                    | <ul> <li>The implants and instruments, including W&amp;H instruments, should be placed into approplocations in the accompanying surgical trays.</li> <li>Wrap each tray in two layers of 1 ply polypropylene wrap (e.g., Kimguard KC600) and place steam sterilizer.</li> </ul>      |                      |            |                         |
|------------------|------------------------------------|--|----------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| STERILIZATION:   |                                    | • This product is provided non-sterile. The steam sterilization method identified below has be validated to the requirements of ISO 17665. Please consider your sterilization equipment manufacturer's written instructions for the specific sterilizer and load configuration used. |                      |            | sterilization equipment |
| System Tray Part |                                    | System Trays   | Pre-Vacuum Autoclave |            |                         |
| Numbers          | Appr                               | oximate Dimensions   | Temperature          | Cycle Time | Dry Time                |
|                  |                                    | ··· 4.2 erre (4.0 ··· 2.4 ··· 5 in els)  | 132ºC (270ºF)        | 4 min      | 30 min                  |
| RBL4020          | 26 x 54 x 13 cm (10 x 21 x 5 inch) |  | 135ºC (275ºF)        | 3 min      | 25 min                  |
|                  | 26 x 54 x 7 cm (10 x 21 x 3 inch)  |  | 132ºC (270ºF)        | 4 min      | 30 min                  |
| RBL4030          |                                    |  | 134ºC (273ºF)        | 3 min      | 30 min                  |

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| STORAGE:                 | sur  | gical tray from the  | autoclave and store at am   | bient temperature and   | Inprotected hands. Remove<br>d humidity. Keep away from<br>Ige or tampering.   |
|--------------------------|--|--|---|---|--|
| MANUFACTURER<br>CONTACT: |  | <ul> <li>Source in the addition of the second difference in the interview of the second difference in the second diff</li></ul> |   | ese materials contain information about products that may or may<br>be available in any particular country or may be available under<br>erent trademarks in different countries. The products may be<br>proved or cleared by governmental regulatory organizations for<br>e or use with different indications or restrictions in different<br>intries. Products may not be approved for use in all countries.<br>thing contained in these materials should be construed as a<br>motion or solicitation for any product or for the use of any product<br>a particular way that is not authorized under the laws and<br>ulations of the country where the reader is located. Nothing in<br>se materials should be construed as a representation or warranty<br>to the efficacy or quality of any product, nor the appropriateness of<br><i>y</i> product to treat any specific condition. Physicians may direct<br>estions about the availability and use of the products described<br>in se materials to their authorized Acumed distributor. Specific<br>sistons patients may have about the use of the products described<br>hese materials or the appropriateness for their own conditions<br>build be directed to their own physician. |  |
| of the healthcare        | facility to ensure the   | reprocessing as a  | actually performed using<br>ormally requires validation   | g equipment, materia  | Is and personnel in the  |
| REF                      | Part Number  | $\triangle$  | Caution, consult instructions for use.  |   | Manufacturer   |
| LOT                      | Lot Number   | $\otimes$  | Do notre-use  |   | MR Conditional. Items may<br>safely enter the MRI scanner<br>environment under the<br>specific conditions<br>presented in the IFU. |
| NON                      | Non-Sterile  |  | Do notuse if package is<br>damaged  | MR Conditional  |  |
|                          | Consult the<br>electronic<br>instructions for use<br>(eIFU) at<br>www.acumed.net/ifu   | Rx Only  | Caution: U.S. federal<br>law restricts this device<br>to sale by or on the<br>order of a physician. | EC REP  | Authorized representative in<br>the European Community /<br>European Union   |
| -+.                      | The reticle is a registered trademark of Acumed. It may appear alone or with the Acumed name.  |  |   |   |  |
|                          | Patents:         US – 7,635,365; 7,695,501; 8,632,573; 9,775,657       UK – GB2423935; GB2435429         JP – JP 4808621; JP 5314074       EU – EP 1667590         Other patents pending       EU – EP 1667590 |  |   |   |  |
| The RibLoc®U PI          | us Chest Wall Plating S  | ystem and RibLoc   | ®UPlus Instrumentation  | are a registered trade  | mark of Acumed, LLC.   |

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